



## Always Already Computational: Collections as Data 2016-2018

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## Collections as Data: Part to Whole 2019-2021

thomas padilla, unlv hannah scates kettler, university of iowa laurie allen, university of pennsylvania stewart varner, university of pennsylvania

## concept

initial motivations

implementing (imls)

implementing & supporting (mellon)

#### concept

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#### 2014

## library collections as humanities data

Padilla, Thomas G., and Devin Higgins. 2014. "Library Collections as Humanities Data: The Facet Effect." Public Services Quarterly 10 (4): 324–35. <a href="http://bit.ly/2DrVcgs">http://bit.ly/2DrVcgs</a>

Librarians can further enhance use of their digital collections by considering how thinking of them as Humanities data, and promoting them as such, can encourage uses beyond reading, viewing, and listening . . . efforts are ground in understanding that data afford new opportunities for user interaction with library collections.

Padilla, Thomas G., and Devin Higgins. 2014. "Library Collections as Humanities Data: The Facet Effect." Public Services Quarterly 10 (4): 324–35. doi:10.1080/15228959.2014.963780



**ASK A LIBRARIAN** 

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#### DIGITAL PRESERVATION



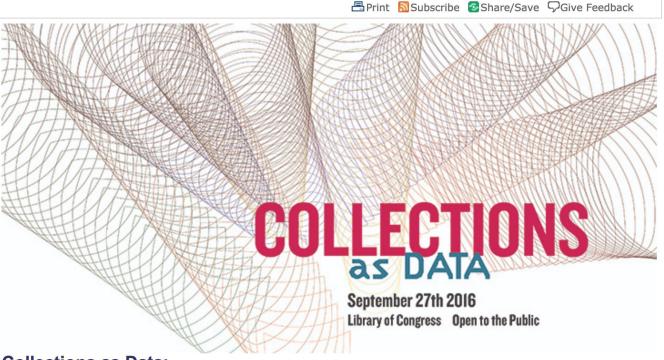
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#### Resources

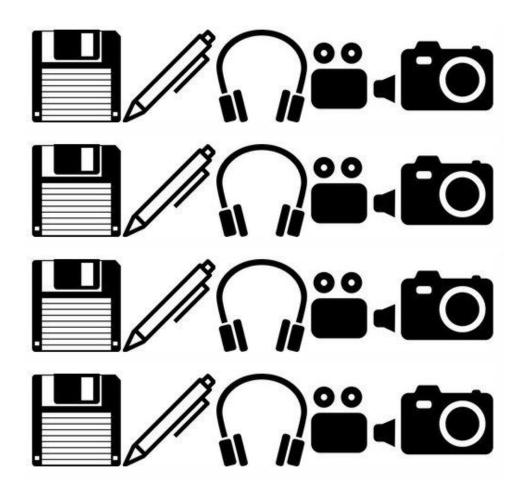
- Digital Formats Sustainability
- Federal Agencies Digitization
  Guidelines Initiative
- <u>Library of Congress</u>
   <u>Recommended Format</u>
   <u>Specifications</u>

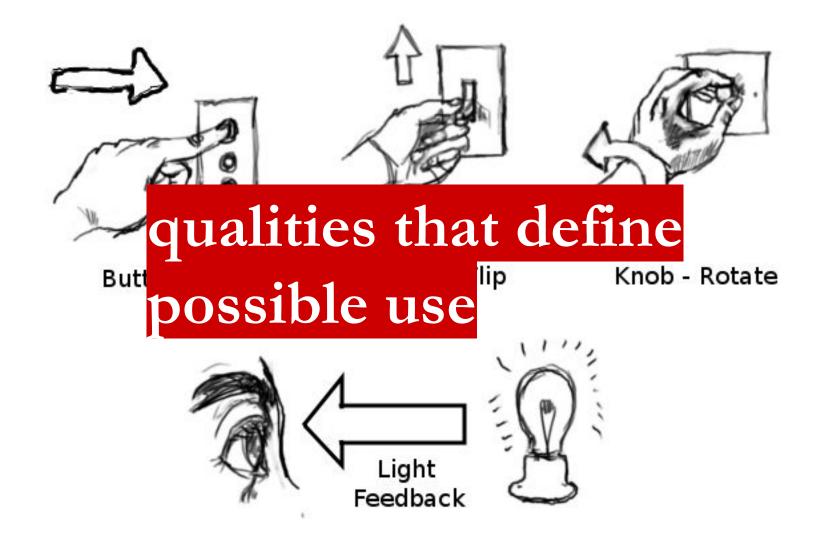


Collections as Data: Stewardship and Use Models to Enhance Access

## collections as data

- ... ordered information
- ... stored digitally
- ... amenable to computation





#### procedural participatory data affords a capacity for data affords a capacity for enrichment computational processing, e.g. term by a diverse set of users, e.g. frequency analysis, named entity extraction, crowdsourced transcription and topic modeling <u>encyclopedic</u> <u>spatial</u> data affords a capacity for expanded data affords a capacity for spatial access, e.g. parametric searching by granular characteristics to be surfaced, e.g. place features like line length, genre, author gender names can be geocoded and mapped

adapted from Janet H. Murray, affordance grid



## collections as data

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The Historic American Cookbook Project



## Feeding America

Home News The Authors Browse the Collection Search the Collection Museum Objects Glossary Partners

MSU Libraries » DMC » Digital Collections » Feeding America » Browse » American Cookery

#### American Cookery

Next Book



By Amelia Simmons

Hartford: Printed for Simeon Butler, Northampton, (1798)

Interest: The First American Cookbook & Northeast & The Great Ladies

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Resources

Research Help

Using the Library

Computers

Contact

#### **Digital Humanities**

About

Events

**Humanities Data** 

Consultation

Guide

**Related Services** 

Digital Scholarship Collaborative

#### Feeding America: The Historic American Cookbook Project

<recipe class1="soups" ethnicgroup="creole" region="south" occasion="other"><purpose align="center"
size="smaller" placement="heading">SOUPE MAIGRE, WITHOUT MEAT, FOR LENT</purpose>

Melt half a pound of <ingredient>butter</ingredient> in a <implement>stewpan,</implement> put in six < ingredient>onions</ingredient> sliced; add two heads of <ingredient>celery</ingredient> cut small, one-half a head of <ingredient>white cabbage,</ingredient> and a bunch of chopped <ingredient>parsley;</ingredient> let them boil twenty minutes, then stir in three rolled <ingredient>crackers;</ingredient> pour in two quarts of boiling <ingredient>milk,</ingredient> or <ingredient>milk</ingredient> and < ingredient>water;</ingredient> let this boil up gently for half an hour, and just before serving stir in two well-beaten <ingredient>eggs.</ingredient>



#### **Download Data**

The Feeding America Dataset

#### Description

The "Feeding America: The Historic American Cookbook" dataset contains transcribed and encoded text from 76 influential American cookbooks held by MSU Libraries Special Collections. Features encoded within the text include but are not limited to recipes, types of recipes, cooking implements, and ingredients. The 76 texts were chosen among more than 7000 cookbooks that MSU Libraries holds as representative of periods and themes in American cookbook history spanning the late 18th to early 20th century.





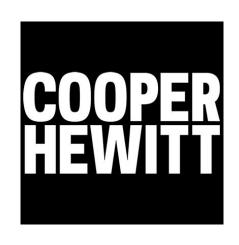












Cultural Heritage & Library Collections as Data and their Role in Digital Humanities Infrastructure

eResearch in Humanities and Social Sciences

AB:

The

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and encouraging reuse of collections that support computationally-Dr T driven research." [2] One of the drivers for this initiative is the <sup>1</sup>Uni

<sup>2</sup>Dea perception that, as Miriam Posner argues, "Libraries and archives"

3Dea [and museums] are increasingly making their materials available

online, but, as a general rule, these materials aren't of much use

for computational purposes." [3]

Instead, as Thomas Padilla has summarized the project, a

At th "collections as data" imperative can benefit research communities and

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providing access to, and encouraging reuse of collections that support computationally-driven research." [2] One of the drivers for this initiative is the perception that, as Miriam Posner argues, "Libraries and archives [and museums] are increasingly making their materials available online, but, as a rule, these materials aren't of much use for computational purposes." [3]



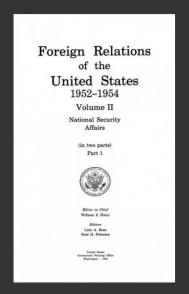
#### FOREIGN RELATIONS OF THE UNITED STATES

CITATION URL: http://digital.library.wisc.edu/1711.dl/FRUS

BROWSE THE COLLECTION

SEARCH THE FULL TEXT

**BROWSE** > FOREIGN RELATIONS OF THE U.S.



Foreign Relations of the United States.

This digital facsimile of *Foreign Relations of the United States* is a project of the University of Wisconsin-Madison Libraries in collaboration with the University of Illinois at Chicago Libraries. This is a nearly complete run from 1861-1960 with missing volumes being added as they can be acquired and processed. If your library is interested in donating material for this project, please contact the University of Wisconsin Digital Collections Center.

Special thanks are owed to the University of Chicago Libraries for contributing FRUS volumes for digitization. Thanks also to these other contributing libraries: Southwestern University (Los Angeles) Library, the University of Connecticut's Homer Babbidge Library, Georgia Southwestern State University's James Earl Carter Library, University of Indiana-Bloomington Libraries, Brigham Young University's Howard W. Hunter Law Library, Columbia University Libraries, Des Moines Public Library, Jefferson County (Colorado) Public Library, Michigan State University Libraries, Ouachita Baptist University's Riley-Hickingbotham Library, University of Michigan-Flint's Thompson Library, University of Minnesota, University of Mississippi's J. D. Williams Library, University of South Alabama's

United States Department of State / Message of the President of the United States to the two houses of Congress, at the commencement of the second session of the thirty-seventh congress (1861)

[Contents] List of papers relating to foreign affairs, accompanying the president's message to Congress, at the opening of its session in December, 1861, pp. [21]-29 ff. PDF (2.4 MB)

#### Page [21]

LIST OF PAPERS

RELATING TO

FOREIGN AFFAIRS,

DANTING

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE TO CONGRESS, AT THE OPENING OF ITS SESSION IN DECEMBER, 1861.

```
webscraping / frus_section_pdf_urls.py
                                                                                                                             Copy path
thomasgpadilla Update frus_section_pdf_urls.py
                                                                                                                 48c1b58 on Aug 10, 2016
1 contributor
36 lines (26 sloc) 1.22 KB
                                                                                                  Raw
                                                                                                         Blame
                                                                                                                History
      from urllib2 import urlopen
      from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
       import requests
   4
      #point to FRUS volumes
      html = urlopen("http://digicoll.library.wisc.edu/cgi-bin/FRUS/FRUS-idx?type=browse&scope=FRUS.FRUS1")
       soup = BeautifulSoup(html, 'html.parser')
   8
      with open("frus_section_pdf_urls.txt", "w") as file:
  10
      #scrape FRUS volume relative URLs
               for links in soup.find all("p", {"class":"isshead"}):
       #prepend relative URLs with base URL
  14
                       for link in links.find all('a'):
                               volumeurl = 'http://digicoll.library.wisc.edu/' + link.get('href')
                               volumeurls = requests.get (volumeurl)
  18
  19
                               volumesoup=BeautifulSoup(volumeurls.content, 'html.parser')
  20
       #scrape FRUS volume section relative URLs
  21
                               for urls in volumesoup.find all("p", {"class":"cntsitem"}):
  24
      #prepend relative URLs with base URL
                                       for url in urls.find_all('a'):
  26
                                               pdfurl = 'http://digicoll.library.wisc.edu/' + url.get('href')
```

Find file

Branch: master -

There is a gulf between the research processes of academic researchers and the curatorial processes of the cultural institutions which hold most of the source materials—these institutions have their own ways of organising and describing source materials which may be quite different from the information produced by the research process

an 1700-33.tal.g2 (7.00 Mb)	an 1000-43.tai.gz (42.25 Mb)
all1850-74.tar.gz (40.19 MB)	all1875-99.tar.gz (82.07 MB)
The genre predictions were produced by an ensemble of regularized logistic classifiers, and are intended to support research that explores broad trends in literary history. Since volumes usually contain multiple genres, page-level metadata is necessary to create machine-readable collections in a particular genre.	
Predictions are included as JSON objects in separate files, one for each volume. The tar.gz files prefixed with "all" include all 854,476 volumes, divided by date. The tar.gz files named for genres contain subsets of volumes that have been filtered to achieve	

all1800-49.tar.gz (42.23 MB)

all1700-99.tar.gz (7.06 MB)

files prefixed with "all" include all 854,476 volumes, divided by date. The tar.gz files named for genres contain subsets of volumes that have been filtered to achieve greater than 97% precision in that particular genre. Specifically, they include 18,111 vols containing drama, 102,349 vols containing fiction, and 61,286 vols containing poetry. These datasets were filtered both with confidence metrics created by a logistic model and by manual editing. Ringers.csv is a list of volumes that we had to manually remove; scholars who select their own datasets from the larger collection (of files beginning "all") may also want to consider filtering out these tricky cases.

- Miriam Posner: to what extent is information about . . . collection provenance, processing, and method of presentation available to the user?
- **Victoria Stodden:** to what extent are data and the code that generates data available to the user?
- Roopika Risam: to what extent are the motivations driving all of the above available to the user?

## ... an imperative present





#### Robert Creeley Email Archives

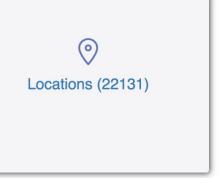
Date Range: January 1, 1904 to June 20, 2009

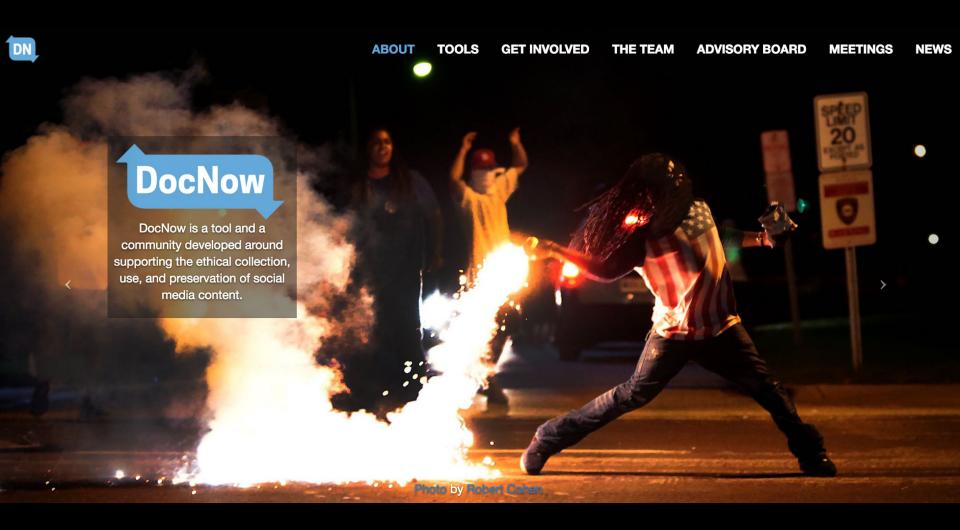
Messages: 31278 incoming, 18651 outgoing.











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## Always Already Computational: Collections as Data 2016-2018

thomas padilla, unly
laurie allen, university of pennsylvania
stewart varner, university of pennsylvania
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sarah potvin, texas a&m university
elizabeth russey roke, emory university

American Historical Association; American Philosophical Society; British Library; Carnegie Museum of Art; Compute Canada; Cornell University; Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum; Digital Library Federation; Digital Public Library of America; Emory University; Getty Research Institute; Hathitrust Research Center; Haverford College; Indiana University; Indiana University-Purdue University; Internet Archive; James Madison University; Koninklijke Bibliotheek; Library of Congress; Max Planck Computing & Data Facility; McGill University; Michigan State University; Massachusetts Institute of Technology; Museum of Modern Art; National University of Singapore; New York Public Library; New York University; Northeastern University; Open Knowledge Foundation; Penn State University; Stanford University; Swarthmore College; Texas A&M University; Tufts University; University College London; University of British Columbia; University of California Santa Barbara; University of California Berkeley; University of California Los Angeles; University of Canberra; University of Delaware; University of Graz; University of Houston; University of Illinois at Urbana Champaign; University of Maryland; University of Miami; University of Minnesota; University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill; University of Pennsylvania; University of Toronto; University of Utah; University of Texas Austin .........

predominant digital collection development focuses on replicating traditional ways of interacting with objects in a digital space. this approach does not meet the needs of the researcher, the student, the journalist, and others who would like to [work with] computational methods and tools to treat ... collections as data.

Thomas Padilla, Laurie Allen, Stewart Varner, Sarah Potvin, Elizabeth Russey Roke, Hannah Frost. 2016. National Leadership Grant. Institute for Museum and Library Services.

## tl:dr

# how do we make collections more useful?

# what **gaps** does this question surface?

# what opportunities does this question help us see?

- ... for me
- ... for you

... for the people that we aspire to collaborate with, partner with, and serve

## creation of a series of resources that:

- 1. document extant experience
- 2. **share** lessons learned
- 3. **suggest** a range of paths into the work

## activities, deliverables, impacts

## by the numbers

- 2 years
- 2 National Forums
- 17 f2f & virtual conference engagements
- 1 full day international pre-conference
- 2 webinars
- 2 conference workshops
- 1 week-long DH institute course w/ British Library
- 382 people join the CAD google group
- 59 people join the CAD <u>zotero group</u>

## 7 primary deliverables!





- Santa Barbara Statement on Collections as Data
- Facets
- Personas
- Position Statements
- Methods
- 50 Things
- White paper (to be released)

ALWAYS ALREADY HOME TEAM PARTNERS EVENTS RESOURCES UPDATES

COMPUTATIONAL - COLLECTIONS

AS DATA

PART TO WHOLE

## The Santa Barbara Statement on Collections as Data

Version 2

The Santa Barbara Statement on Collections as Data was written by the Institute of Museum and Library Services supported Always Already Computational: Collections as Data project team. The first version is based on the collaborative work of participants at the first Collections as Data National Forum (UC Santa Barbara, March 1-3 2017). After its release, the team gathered comments from the Hypothesis web annotation tool and sought additional feedback across a series of conversations and workshops (April 2017 - April 2018). The current version of the statement was revised based on that community feedback, especially the close, directed feedback provided by workshop participants at the Digital Library Federation Forum 2017.



## **Principles**

- 1. Collections as data development aims to encourage computational use of digitized and born digital collections. By conceiving of, packaging, and making collections available as data, cultural heritage institutions work to expand the set of possible opportunities for engaging with collections.
- 2. Collections as data stewards are guided by ongoing ethical commitments. These commitments work against historic and contemporary inequities represented in collection scope, description, access, and use. Commitments should be formally documented and made publicly available. Commitment details will vary across communities served by collections but will share common cause in seeking to address the needs of the vulnerable. Collection stewards aim to respect the rights and needs of the communities who create content that constitute collections, those who are represented in collections, as well as the communities that use them.
- 3. **Collections as data stewards aim to lower barriers to use.** A range of accessible instructional materials and documentation should be developed to support collections as data use. These materials should be scoped to varying levels of technical expertise. Materials should also be scoped to a range of disciplinary, professional, creative, artistic, and educational contexts. Furthermore the community should be motivated and encouraged to build and share tools and infrastructure to facilitate use of collections as data.
- 4. **Collections as data designed for everyone serve no one.** Specific needs inform collections as data development. These needs may be commonly held by particular user communities. Rather than assuming these needs or imagining these communities, stewards should be intentional about who their collections are designed for, work to lower the barriers to use for the people in those communities, and continue to assess these needs over time. Where resources permit, multiple approaches to data development and access are encouraged.

### Collections as Data Facets

facet \'fa-sət\: one side of something many-sided

Collections as Data Facets document collections as data implementations.

An implementation consists of the people, services, practices, technologies, and infrastructure that aim to encourage computational use of cultural heritage collections.

collectionsasdata.github.io/facets

- 1. Why do it
- 2. Making the Case
- 3. How you did it
- 4. Share the docs
- 5. Understanding use
- 6. Who supports use
- 7. Things people should know
- 8. What's next

### Facet 1 - MIT Libraries Text and Data Mining

• Richard Rodgers, Massachusetts Institute of Technology Libraries

## Facet 2 - Carnegie Museum of Art Collection Data

David Newbury, Carnegie Museum of Art and Daniel Fowler, Open Knowledge International

- Amanda Whitmire, Stanford University Libraries
- Facet 4 American Philosophical Society Open Data Projects

Facet 3 - CalCOFI Hydrobiological Survey of Monterey Bay

Scott Ziegler, American Philosophical Society

Dot Porter, University of Pennsylvania Libraries

### Facet 6 - Chronicling America

Facet 5 - OPENN

• Deborah Thomas, Nathan Yarasavage, and Robin Butterhof, Library of Congress

### Facet 7 - La Gaceta de la Habana

• Paige Morgan, Elliot Williams, and Laura Capell, University of Miami Libraries

#### **Collections as Data Personas**

persona / pər'sōnə/: an archetypal user

Faculty	Motivations	Specific Goals
	<ul> <li>Desire to uncover previously unknown information and create new insight</li> <li>Need to earn the respect and trust of colleagues by producing high quality, interpretive scholarship based on solid research</li> <li>Ambition to push the boundaries of traditional methods and take advantage of new research opportunities</li> <li>Eagerness to design new assignments that will harness their students' interest in technology and teach them how to be effective and critical digital citizens</li> <li>Interest in helping to develop better collections</li> </ul>	Locate and download data that is trustworthy and appropriately formatted to work with their preferred software     Develop assignments for a new course with the Library's recently appointed Digital Humanities Specialist     Submit request to the IT department for 1 Terabyte of online storage for data projects so it is easy to review student work and so that it is easy to share with peers during peer review or after publication

**Dr. Kylie Yu** is an associate professor of US history at a small liberal arts college in the midwest. Their research is focused on representations of immigrants in the media in the 19th century and they teach the survey of US history, 1865 - Present, as well as upper level courses for history majors on immigration, identity, and urban life. They are not technophobic, but they have very little formal technical training.

"I am very excited about the potential for digital methods to allow me to ask different questions than I am used to, but I don't think I have the tech skills to create useful datasets so I can begin experimenting."

"I was initially very excited about the digitized newspaper collections here, but the software I wanted to use only works on plain text, not PDFs, and I simply don't have time to download each page individually. I was also disappointed in the poor quality of the OCR text. Then I discovered the enhanced availability of computationally-accessible newspaper content provided by the Library of Congress and it blew my mind to consider all the research possibilities. This is going to be fun!"

PART TO WHOLE

## 50 things you can do



Over the course of our two-year project, members of the project team often heard a question along the lines of: "We've read the *Santa Barbara Statement*, *the Facets*, *the Personas*. We're subscribed to the *google group*. But where do we start? How do we move collections as data forward at our own institution?"



- ... taken up as a strategic priority within the University of California's Shared Content Leadership Group's Plans & Priorities for 2017/2018 Based on the University of California Library Collection: Content for the 21st Century and Beyond
- ... incorporated as a feature of the OCLC Research and Learning Agenda for Archives, Special, and Distinctive Collections in Research Libraries
- ... inform the creation of postdoctoral positions like the British National Archives' FTNA Postdoctoral Research Fellowship, focused on unlocking, "archival collections as data"
- ... presented as a component of the Digital Library Federation eResearch Network
- ... inform the Software Preservation Network's outreach
- ... inform the development of a week-long collections as data course at the Humanities Intensive Learning and Teaching Institute
- ... inspire reading groups, international hackathons, workshops, and conference sessions that span disciplinary, library, archives, and museum communities.

## Have you used it?

Always Already Computational: Collections as Data is drawing to a close!

https://collectionsasdata.github.io/

If you've used anything from the project we'd love to hear about it. Have you used the Santa Barbara Statement on Collections as Data? The personas? The facets? Has the project helped support any actions in your local, regional, or larger professional context? For example, a change in workflows, an influence on strategic directions, contributing to external funding effort, development of workshops, (re)defining roles and responsibilities?

Any and all responses are welcome. We intend to share responses publicly. If you'd prefer that your name not be shared with your response please indicate in the option below.

Many thanks,

Thomas Padilla, University of Nevada Las Vegas Laurie Allen, University of Pennsylvania Stewart Varner, University of Pennsylvania Sarah Potvin, Texas A&M University Elizabeth Russey Roke, Emory University Hannah Frost, Stanford University

IMLS LG-73-16-0096-16

## bit.ly/haveyouusedit

(1) I'm leading data curation work package in a national research and data infrastructure project for humanities, arts and social sciences . . . The facets have ... informed the development of a data curation framework for data sharing and interoperability across multiple platforms (discovery, access, research and archiving).

Ingrid Mason, Australia's Academic and Research Network (AARNet) I use it as a communication and teaching tool about what digital archives are, why they are important, how they play a role in the civic literacy, social justice, and community engagement aspects of our College's mission, and what groundwork must be laid infrastructurally in order to support the building of collections as data.

Charlotte Nunes, Lafayette College Libraries



- Santa Barbara Statement on Collections as Data
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# Collections as Data: Part to Whole 2019-2021

thomas padilla, unlv hannah scates kettler, university of iowa laurie allen, university of pennsylvania stewart varner, university of pennsylvania Collections as Data: Part to Whole aims to foster the development of broadly viable models that support implementation *and* use of collections as data.

# Collections as Data: Part to Whole will regrant \$600,000 to 12 projects across 2 cohorts.





## cohorts will create:

- 1. implementation models
- 2. organizational models
- 3. new collections that speak to underrepresented histories

cohorts will take part in:

- 1. team lead institute
- 2. public summative forum

## Cohort 1 Projects (1/2019-4/2020)

Collections as Data: Redefining Creators, Users, and Stewards of the Charles "Teenie" Harris Photographic Archival Collection

Carnegie Museum of Art

Dominique Luster, Charlene Foggie-Barnett, Ed Motznik, Samantha Ticknor

This project seeks to build upon the rich history of the Teenie Harris archival collection and develop new opportunities for computer-generated creation and computational manipulation of collection metadata that is both produced and used by the African American community and the Carnegie Museum of Art. This project aims to develop and document the service and use capabilities and limitations of machine learning, text parsing, and computer vision technologies to make meaningful contributions to archival metadata. The public facing deliverables will combine the notion of creators and users of the Harris data and will result in a suite of web-based in-gallery interactives that have the functionality of engagement with and contribution to the collection as data.

## Uncovering Health History: Transcribing and Publishing Early Twentieth-Century Tuberculosis Patient Records as Data

University of Denver

Kim Pham, Kevin Clair, Jack Maness, Jeanne Abrams, Fernando Reyes, Jeff Rynhart, Alice Tarrant

This project will use handwritten text recognition (HTR) to create transcriptions of records that have been unavailable through traditional OCR processes from the Jewish Consumptives' Relief Society, a tuberculosis sanatorium located in Denver from 1904 to 1954. These records represent a valuable archive of primary source materials regarding the treatment history of tuberculosis in the early 20th century and the history of primarily Jewish and Eastern European immigration to Denver during the same time period. We intend to develop capacity in services and infrastructure to support and use HTR technologies in our regular workflow to produce collections as data and to contribute to the emerging HTR technology ecosystem.

## timeline

- Cohort 1 initiated (1/2019)
- Cohort 2 CFP opens (8/2019)
- Cohort 2 CFP closed (10/2019)
- Cohort 2 initiated (1/2020)
- Cohort 1 Public Forum (1/2020)
- Cohort 1 Models & Collection Release (4/2020)

# questions about cfp

- face to face
  - o spring CNI 2019 (thomas, hannah, laurie)
  - ACRL 2019 (thomas, hannah)
  - csvconf (thomas)
- email/video chat/phone
  - thomas.padilla@unlv.edu; hannah-s-kettler@uiowa.edu;
     laallen@upenn.edu; svarner@upenn.edu





## **Welcome to Labs!**

A place to encourage innovation with Library of Congress digital collections.



#### **Experiments**

Check out tools, art, applications, and visualizations we've made with our collections.



#### **LC for Robots**

Find APIs, bulk downloads, and tutorials for the Library's digital collections.



#### **Events**

See what's coming up, and read about past events.

E PROJECTS

RESEARCH

**ENGAGE** 

**EVENTS** 

**UPDATES** 

## CDH's Hackathon Connects Computational Researchers From Across Campus

Suzanne S. Roth January 30, 2019

The Center for Digital Humanities (CDH) recently hosted an all-day Hackathon where developers across campus joined together in teams to explore library collection data with a digital humanities lens by applying computationally driven methods to analyze the archives in creative ways. Participants included more than 20 developers from CDH, the Princeton University Library (PUL) and the Princeton Institute for Computational Science and Engineering/Research Computing (PICSciE/RC).

ARLIS/NA 47th Annual Conference March 26 - 30, 2019 Salt Lake City



#### PRELIMINARY SCHEDULE - SUBJECT TO CHANGE

Schedule ▼ Speakers Sponsors Exhibitors Attendees

Wednesday, March 27 • 4:10pm - 5:30pm

Getting Started with Collections as Data



MuseWeb

About ~

Attending ~

Presenting ~

Exhibiting ~

Conference v

Cultural Collections as Data: Aiming for digital data literacy and tool development

Other

Liz Neely, Georgia O'Keeffe Museum, USA, Anne Luther, Center for Data Arts, The New School, USA, Chad Weinard, Williams College Museum of Art, USA